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THE CHILDREN'S

SECOND READER

BY

ELLEN M. CYR

AUTHOR OF THE CHILDREN'S PRIMER, ETC.



BOSTON, U.S.A.

GINN & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS

1895

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TO

W. B. B.

WITH THE

SINCERE REGARD OF THE AUTHOR

PREFACE.

IF "Heaven lies about us in our infancy" the realm of poetry cannot be far distant. It is a significant, as well as a beautiful fact, that our poets have been so noble and true that we are glad to have the children learn of them. They have manifested, too, such a love of innocence and childhood in their home lives, that the little ones who never have had the privilege of looking into their faces may yet understand this beautiful relationship, and so, being drawn closer to their lives, appreciate and love their poems.

In introducing the poets Longfellow and Whittier into the following pages the author has not undertaken any comprehensive account of their lives; but the purpose has been to picture them to the children in such a way as to make them real personages, and also to lead up to such of their poems as appeal to the little ones.

There is generally a period in childhood when life seems very real and prosaic. The make-believe plays are discarded, fancies are ridiculed, and flights of imagination are looked upon with scorn. While it is of the greatest importance that the practical side of life should open before them, and that they should look duty and responsibility squarely in the face, the imagination should be carefully cherished, for it is a God-given faculty and plays an important part in every life.

For this reason, let true poetry, with its choice language, be presented to the little child, explaining such words as lie outside his vocabulary, and fostering the power to see

“Sermons in stones,
Books in the running brooks,
And good in everything.”

The poems of Longfellow and Whittier are introduced by permission and arrangement with Houghton, Mifflin & Co., and are intended to be read by the teacher to the children, so that the thought may not be marred through mechanical effort and lack of interpretation.

After this rendering, when the class seem to have caught the spirit of the poem, they may read it silently, and perhaps some poems may be read aloud by the children; but never allow the beauty of thought to be carelessly dealt with by the little ones.

The other stories are closely allied to Nature-work and child-life, as it has been judged wise not to confine the lessons in a reading-book of this grade too closely to one line of thought.

This book is sent forth with the hope that many little hearts may catch something of love and reverence for these two poets.

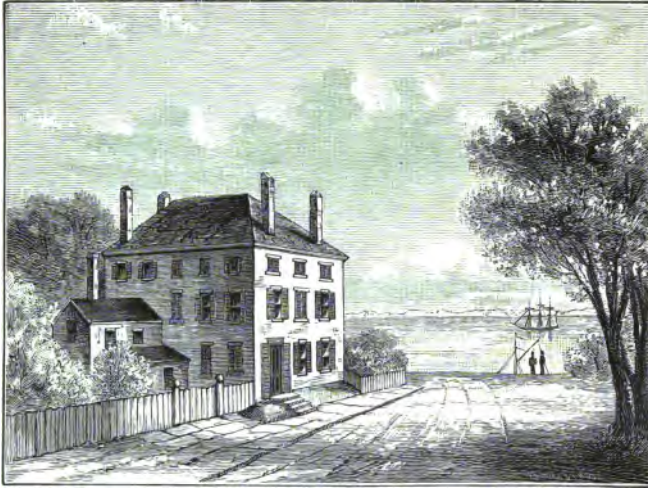
ELLEN M. CYR.

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THE
CHILDREN'S SECOND READER.



LONGFELLOW'S BIRTHPLACE.

Fěb' rūāry Pōrt' lănd anoth' er yēar
whīs' pěred thōughts Māine bōrn

There is an old house in the city of
Portland, Maine.

A little baby was born in that house.
He was born in February, in 1807.

His name was Henry W. Longfellow.
He had bright blue eyes and soft hair.

The house was very near the sea.
The baby could look at it when they
took him to the window.
He was a very happy boy.
He loved to play with other boys.
He was full of life and fun.
He was kind and true.
He loved the birds and flowers.
The birds sang sweet songs to him.
The wind whispered beautiful thoughts
to him.
He says this of his Portland home :

“Often I think of the beautiful town
That is seated beside the sea;
Often in thought go up and down
The pleasant streets of that dear old town,
And my youth comes back to me.”

Read “My Lost Youth” to the class.



THE STORY OF A SEED.

moist'ūre	world	cār'ried
brown	ēarth	sē'cret
pushed	rēached	drānk

I was once a little brown seed.
 My playmates and I were asleep.
 One day a little girl took us.
 She carried us into her garden.
 She placed us in the soft earth.

She covered us over and went away.

It was dark down in the earth.

I could hear the birds singing.

I could feel the warm sun, but could
not see it.

“I must go up into the sunlight,”
I said.

“I cannot stay in this brown shell.”

I sent up a stem and two little leaves.

They reached up into the sunlight.

How bright and beautiful it was there!

I pushed a little root into the earth.

The little root began to drink in food.

My leaves drank in the light and air.

I said “Good bye” to my brown shell.

“I am a plant and need you no more.”

My root is drinking in moisture.

This moisture is sap to help me grow.

It is going up into my leaves.

My leaves are drinking in air.

Let me tell you a secret.

I have some little buds.

I am keeping them very safe and
warm.

They are growing larger every day.

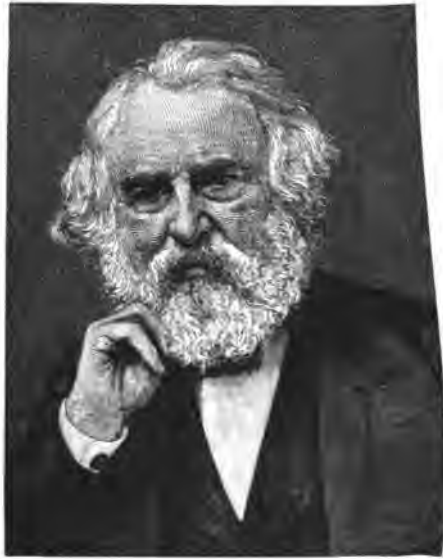
Some beautiful morning they will be
blossoms.

Wake up, my little seeds, and leave your
tiny shell.

I am watching for you, for I love you
well.

You have two pretty leaves, all ready to
grow,

Just let them see the sun — they'll creep
out, I know.



MR. LONGFELLOW.

ō' cean (shun)	coŭn' trīeș	Cōl' lēge
Bōw' doin	hăp' piēr	bēt' ter
Hăr' vârd	Cām' brīdge	heärt
ăfter' wârd	gën' tlemăn	pō' ët

This is a picture of Mr. Longfellow.
He was the baby with the blue eyes.

He is an old gentleman in this picture.

His eyes were always bright and blue.

His heart was always kind.

He was a poet.

A poet has beautiful thoughts.

He writes them for others to read.

His thoughts make people better.

When he was a boy he went to school.

Then he went to Bowdoin College.

Bowdoin College is in Maine.

He then went across the ocean.

He spent four years in other countries.

When he came back he was a teacher
in Bowdoin College.

He lived afterwards in Cambridge,
Massachusetts.

He went there to teach in Harvard
College.

THE FROST PICTURES.

lāme	blānk'ēt	voices
āt' tīc	clōsed	fērn
lōne'ly	Ālps	mount

Carl was a little lame boy.

He lived in an attic with his mother.

His father was dead, and his mother
went out to do sewing.

Poor little Carl was left all alone
great many times.

He used to look out of the window
and watch the boys at play.

It was not so lonely when they
were there.

In the summer-time he could hear
their voices.

Sometimes they would call to him.

When it was cold he had to keep the window closed.

When the winter came, it was too cold to stay near the window.

Carl's mother could not buy much coal and wood, for she was poor.

She used to put a blanket around her little boy and make as little fire as she could.

The windows were sometimes white with frost.

Carl called them his picture-books.

Every night his mother washed off the frost.

Every morning Carl looked to see what Jack Frost had made for him.

When his mother came home, he used to tell her what he had seen.

Then she told him many stories about the pictures.

“I saw some beautiful ferns to-day, mamma,” he would say.

Then she would tell him of a wood where she played when she was a little girl.

“There were great beds of ferns in it,” she said.

“One day I found a little bird’s nest among them.”

“There were some mountains and a little bridge on the window to-day,” said Carl.

Then she told him of the beautiful Alps, and the people who lived among them.

Sometimes he would tell her stories.

His stories were about the snow fairies.
 “They try to make my room warm by
 covering the window-pane,” he said.
 “I saw one to-day with a crown of
 white stars upon her head.
 A ray of sunshine kissed her and took
 her away.”

O sometimes plays that he is ũ.
 He can make a sound like short u
 when he is alone.
 He has to have another o with him
 to make ũ as in “rule.”
 Isn’t he a funny letter?
 Some children think that he is ũ.
 Do not let him catch you.
 If your eyes are bright, he will not.

When you see a little dot over his head, look out for him.

Call him short *u*, but write him *o*.

That is the way.

He doesn't wear the dot always, so I will show you some of the words where he hides.

lòve	sòn	tòn	dòne
dòve	còme	nòne	frònt
abòve	sòme	mònth	spònge
glòve	dòes	shòve	mònk

In these words the *o*'s are like *u*:

sōn	nōn	rōf	mōn
cōn	spōn	tōth	cōl
lōn	fōd	schōl	gōose



THE LONGFELLOW HOUSE.

plēas'ant	Cām'brīdge	yoŭng̃
stŭd'y	Măss'achŭsĕtts	pō'ĕms
brōad	lawn	bēyōnd'

Isn't this a pleasant house?

This was Mr. Longfellow's house in
Cambridge, Massachusetts.

He came here first when he began
to teach in Harvard College.

He lived here for many years.

It is a very old house.

George Washington lived here.

Mr. Longfellow's study was at the
right of the door.

He wrote many of his poems there.

A large lawn is in front of the
house.

The grass is very soft and green.

There are old elm trees growing
upon the lawn.

I wish these trees could talk.

They could tell us many things.

In front of the house are broad fields.

Beyond these fields may be seen the
Charles River.

Mr. Longfellow loved the river.
He loved to watch it from his window.
He loved to walk beside it.
It gave him beautiful thoughts.
Sometimes it made him sad.
At other times it would bring glad-
ness to his heart.
He said that the river made him
think of his friends.
Some of his friends lived beside it.
He had three dear friends who were
named Charles.
Mr. Longfellow wrote a poem about
the Charles River.
“I must give the river a song,”
he said, “for it gives me many
thoughts.”

Read “To the River Charles” to the class.



BESSIE AND THE FLOWERS.

găth'er wîld blös'soms çën'ters

Bessie is a little country girl.

She plays out in the fields and in
the woods.

She loves everything that lives there.
The birds and squirrels seem to
know it.

They do not fly or run away from
her.

They watch her with their bright
eyes.

She knows where to find the flowers.
There are some wild roses not far
from her home.

One day Bessie went to the woods
to gather some for her mamma.

She picked as many as her hands
could hold.

Then she sat down under a big tree
to rest.

She looked up at the pretty white clouds.

“You are like white boats upon a blue sea,” she thought.

“I wish I might sail along with you.”

Then she looked down at the pretty blossoms in her lap.

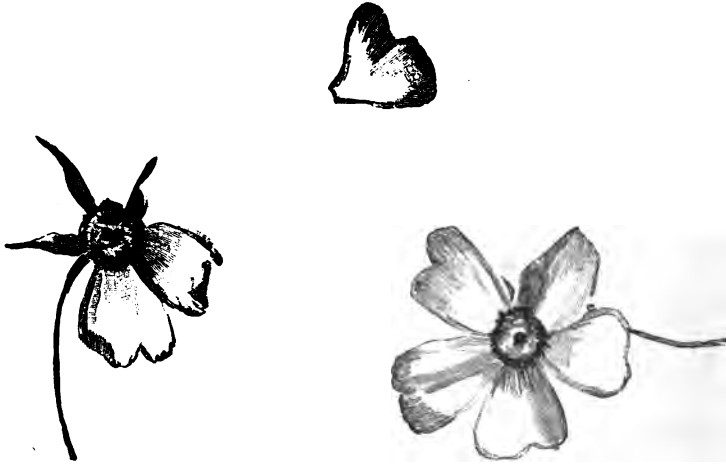
They were pink, and their centers were as yellow as gold.

“You are beautiful,” she said.

“Do you wish to stay here always, or are you glad to go with me?”

By-and-by Bessie fell fast asleep on the soft grass.

The wind blew a rose-petal upon her cheek.



THE STORY OF ROSE-PETAL.

ũnfōld'ed cāre'fully rēach'ed pět'al
băn'ners wrăp'ped drēamed gōld'en

This is what Bessie dreamed that the
petal said:

“Shall I tell you about myself, little
girl?

My name is rose-petal. I live here
in the woods.

I have four sisters like myself.
I remember when I was very small.
My four sisters and I were wrapped
up very carefully.
By-and-by we began to peep out.
The sun seemed to call us, and we
reached up to him.
I think he wished to see our beautiful
golden center.
One day we unfolded our petals.
We shook out our yellow banners.
He looked into our golden centers.
The garden roses have no golden
centers.
They have very many petals.
We love our golden centers best.
Each of us rests upon a green
chair.

We can spread our pink petals upon them.

Look at mine. You can see it easily now. Isn't it a pretty chair?

It is called a sepal.

I can never go back to it; but I can fly for a little while.

The wind whispered to me, and said, 'Do you wish to fly, Rose-petal?'

I said, 'Yes,' and it brought me to you.

I thought you would like to hear about me."





THE PARTS OF A FLOWER.

toğěth'er cōrōl'la cā'lyx bān'ners
drēamed pīs'tīl crown stā'mēns

Bessie's mamma came out to look
for her little girl.

She found her waking from her nap.
She sat down beside her, and Bessie
told her what she had dreamed.

“You have been thinking of our talk about flowers,” said mamma.

“Please tell me about the wild rose,” said Bessie.

“How beautiful these petals are !”

“The five petals form the corolla,” said mamma.

“Find another flower and show me its corolla.

Here is a buttercup with a yellow corolla.

The violet has a purple corolla.

Now look at the sepals upon which the rose-petals rest.

The five sepals taken together form the calyx.

The word calyx means a cup.

The word corolla means a little crown.

It was the calyx that covered the petals until they were ready to blossom.

What do you call the little yellow banners?

They are the stamens.

Here in the center are the pistils.

Some day we will talk about them.

We must take our flowers home and put them into water.”



LONGFELLOW'S STUDY.

stâirs

därk

sûrprîse'

rûsh

crēep

lēt'ter

Mr. Longfellow's children were born in
Cambridge.

He had three little girls and two boys.

They loved their father very dearly.

He loved them, and made them happy.

He used to write them little letters.
They loved to be with their father.
They would run into his study to
see him and try to surprise him.
“It is growing dark,” they would say.
“Papa cannot be writing now.
We will surprise him.”
They would creep softly down the
stairs.
They could peep in at their father.
Then they would rush into the room,
and climb up on his chair.
They would climb into his lap and
kiss him. How happy they were!
Mr. Longfellow wrote a poem about
them.
He called it “The Children’s Hour.”

Read “The Children’s Hour” to the class.

LONGFELLOW AND THE CHILDREN.

smīle	sŭn' shīne	vīs' ĭt	shōw
stō' rĭes	wĭl' lōw	wrōte	clōck

Mr. Longfellow loved all children.
 They loved him, too.
 He had a very kind face.
 His eyes were as blue as the violets.
 His hair was as white as the snow.
 His smile was like the sunshine.
 Many children came to visit him.
 He would make them very happy.
 They loved to talk with him.
 They talked to him about their play-
 things and their homes.
 Sometimes he let them come into
 his study.

They liked to see the old clock on
the stairs.

He would tell them stories.

There was a big willow tree back
of the garden.

He would take them out to see it.

He used to take them into his garden.

Sometimes he would pick some flowers
for them.

He wrote a poem to the children.

He said that they were better than
all the poems.

He said that the birds and sunshine
were in their hearts.

I think he had them in his heart.

How can you have them in yours?

Read the "Old Clock on the Stairs."

CHILDREN.

Come to me, O ye children!
For I hear you at your play,
And the questions that perplexed me
Have vanished quite away.

Ye open the eastern windows
That look towards the sun,
Where thoughts are singing swallows,
And the brooks of morning run.

In your hearts are the birds and the
sunshine,
In your thoughts the brooklet's flow;
But in mine is the wind of Autumn
And the first fall of the snow.

Ah, what would the world be to us
If the children were no more?
We should dread the desert behind us
Worse than the dark before.



In your hearts are the birds and the sunshine,
In your thoughts the brooklet's flow.

What the leaves are to the forest,
With light and air for food,
Ere their sweet and tender juices
Have been hardened into wood,—

That to the world are children ;
Through them it feels the glow
Of a brighter and sunnier climate,
Than reaches the trunks below.

Come to me, 'O ye children!
And whisper in my ear
What the birds and the winds are singing
In your sunny atmosphere.

For what are all our contrivings,
And the wisdom of our books,
When compared with your caresses,
And the gladness of your looks?

Ye are better than all the ballads
That ever were sung or said ;
For ye are living poems,
And all the rest are dead.

— *Henry W. Longfellow.*



THE RUNAWAY GEESE.

alōne'	flock	Ĕl'sa	lēad'ers
rōad	pīl' lōw	sīght	joined
Hāns	Katrinē'	Cārl	plūck

Old Mrs. Green lived all alone.

She had a flock of geese.

She loved her geese and took good care of them.

They had soft, white feathers.

In the summer time, they did not need so many feathers.

Mrs. Green would pluck them and sell them.

People bought them to put into pillows.

The geese laid eggs, too, and Mrs. Green sold them.

They helped the old lady to make a living.

One day the geese got away.

There was a hole in the fence.

When Mrs. Green came out to feed them, they were gone.

Poor old lady! She didn't know what to do.

She went to the gate and looked down the road.

There was not a goose in sight.

Little Hans and Katrine were playing in the next yard.

Mrs. Green asked them if they had seen her geese.

“I saw them,” said Hans, “they were going to the pond.”

“Oh, dear! Oh, dear!” said Mrs. Green, “how shall I get them back.”

“We will go for them,” said Katrine.

“Give us some corn and they will follow us.”

So Mrs. Green filled their pockets with corn and they started for the pond.

They saw the geese as soon as they came in sight of it.

They were swimming about and having such a happy time.

Carl and Elsa Brinker were sitting upon the shore, watching them.

Elsa had a doll made of straw.

“See Mrs. Green’s geese,” she said, “they are having a swim.”

Hans and Katrine began to call them, and threw some corn into the water.

Soon the geese came out of the pond.

“Don’t give them all of the corn, Katrine,” said Hans.

“Drop it along the road, and they will follow us.”

Two of the largest geese started for home.

“Those are the leaders,” said Hans,
“the others will follow them.”

The children joined hands and walked behind them, singing—

“Goosey, Goosey, Gander!
Whither do you wander?”

Mrs. Green was at the gate, watching for them.

She was very glad to see the geese coming home.

They walked into their pen, and Mrs. Green shut the gate.

Carl's father put a new board into the fence, so that they couldn't get out again.

“Poor geese!” said Elsa, “they had
such a good time in the pond.
It is too bad that they can’t go
every day.”

And the geese all said, “Th! th! th!
We think so, too.”

Let us play that we are geese, and
say “th.”

th <u>ī</u> nk	thīn	this'tle
thrōw	thīck	thrōne
thānk	thiēf	thūn'der
threw	thūmb	thōught
pāth	clōth	trūth
tōoth	fōrth	yōuth



THE VILLAGE BLACKSMITH.

blăck'smīth	strikes	hām'mer
brānch'es	strōng	chēst'nūt
hēav'y	ăn'vīl	hēats
īron (īurn)	hōof	naīls

Did you ever see a blacksmith?

A blacksmith works with iron.

He heats the iron until it is very hot.
It is soft when it is red hot.

He puts the iron upon an anvil and
strikes it with his heavy hammer.

He must be a very strong man.

He can make many things of iron.

He makes shoes for the horses and
nails them on their hoofs.

There was a blacksmith who lived
in Cambridge.

Mr. Longfellow used to see him at
work.

He liked to see him strike the hot
iron, and to watch him as he made
it into many things.

A large tree grew very near the
blacksmith's shop.

It was a chestnut tree.

It had beautiful leaves and branches.
Mr. Longfellow wrote a poem about
the blacksmith.

He spoke of the chestnut tree in
the poem.

THE VILLAGE BLACKSMITH.

Under a spreading chestnut-tree
The village smithy stands;
The smith, a mighty man is he,
With large and sinewy hands;
And the muscles of his brawny arms
Are strong as iron bands.

His hair is crisp, and black, and long,
His face is like the tan;
His brow is wet with honest sweat,
He earns whate'er he can,
And looks the whole world in the face,
For he owes not any man.

Week in, week out, from morn till night,
You can hear his bellows blow;
You can hear him swing his heavy sledge,
With measured beat and slow,
Like a sexton ringing the village bell,
When the evening sun is low.

And children coming home from school
Look in at the open door;
They love to see the flaming forge,
And hear the bellows roar,
And catch the burning sparks that fly
Like chaff from a threshing floor.

He goes on Sunday to the church,
And sits among the boys;
He hears the parson pray and preach,
He hears his daughter's voice,
Singing in the village choir,
And it makes his heart rejoice.

It seems to him like her mother's voice,
Singing in Paradise!

He needs must think of her once more,
How in the grave she lies;
And with his hard, rough hand he wipes
A tear out of his eyes.

Toiling, — rejoicing, — sorrowing,
Onward through life he goes;
Each morning sees some task begun,
Each evening sees it close;
Something attempted, something done,
Has earned a night's repose.

Thanks, thanks, to thee, my worthy friend,
For the lesson thou hast taught!
Thus at the flaming forge of life
Our fortunes must be wrought;
Thus on its sounding anvil shaped
Each burning deed and thought.

— *Henry W. Longfellow.*

TRUE FRIENDS.

ăng'ry friěnds mīnd a shāmed'
threw chāng'ed trouǃ'le knīfe

Arthur and Tom were playing in the school-yard.

They were very good friends; but once in a while they would get angry.

One day Arthur threw a big stone at Tom and hurt him.

Tom picked up the stone to throw back at him, and then he changed his mind.

He walked into the school-room and told his teacher about it.

“It was a naughty thing for Arthur to do,” she said.

“You may tell his teacher if you wish.
Do just as you think best.”

Tom stood with the stone in his hand.

“Go and tell of him,” said one of
the boys.

“He tried to hurt you. I would
tell of him.”

“Well!” said Tom, “he gets angry
too easy.

If we don’t do just as he says, he
doesn’t like it.”

By-and-by he went out to the door.

He threw the stone into the yard.

“Aren’t you going to tell his teacher?”
said the other boys.

“No, I will not get him into trouble.”

Arthur was ashamed of what he had
done.

“I’ll try not to get angry with the boys again,” he said.

“Tom is a good friend to me, he shall take my new knife.”

When school was out, they went home together.

Eight fingers,

Ten toes,

Two eyes and one nose.

Baby said, when she smelled of the rose:

“Oh what a pity, I’ve only one nose!”

Twelve little teeth

In two little rows,

Lots of dimples and one nose.

Baby said, when she smelled of the snuff:

“Cachoo, deary me! One nose is enough.”

— *Selected.*



MABEL'S PLAYMATE.

ũnderstānd' around' crŭst ahĕad'
 wāg'ged tŭrned rōpe drāw

Mabel was making a visit in the
 country.

She had no children to play with.
She wished her brothers and sisters
were there.

Rover liked to play with her; but
he was only a dog.

“Oh, Rover!” said Mabel one day,
“I wish you could talk.”

Rover looked as if he wished so, too.
“Do you wish to go out to play
with me, Rover?”

Rover jumped up and wagged his
tail.

“You do, do you? Well, then, you
may.”

Mabel took her sled, and she and
Rover ran to the hill.

There was a crust of ice upon the
snow.

The sled flew like a bird down the hill.

Rover would run down the hill after the sled.

Then he walked back to the top with Mabel.

Mabel sat down to rest on a big stone.

Rover lay down beside her.

"I wish my brother Fred was here," said Mabel.

"He would draw my sled up the hill for me.

Can you draw my sled for me, Rover?"

"Bow-wow," said Rover, and wagged his tail again.

Mabel put the rope into his mouth.

“Now, Rover, take the sled up the hill for me.”

Rover ran ahead with the sled.

“This is fun!” said Mabel, “I shall let him draw it every time.”

Rover reached the top of the hill first. As soon as Mabel came there he turned around.

He ran down hill again, drawing the sled after him.

“Stop, Rover! Stop!” cried Mabel, running after him.

Rover thought she was playing with him, and only ran the faster.

When he reached the foot of the hill he let the rope drop.

Then he ran up to Mabel, and wagged his tail.

He thought he had been a very good dog.

“O, Rover! you do not understand me,” said Mabel.

“You do not know what fun it is to slide down hill.

I must draw my own sled after this.”

Sometimes little boys and girls play out in the snow and take cold.

Then they sneeze like this: “Ch! ch!”

Here are some words that say “ch”:

chĭck	chĭld	chŭrch	chiēf
chĭll	chōose	châir	chāin
chōke	chĭn	chŏp	cheēk

HIAWATHA.

Īn' dīanŝ	fōr' ěst	çē' dar
Hīawa' tha	rāin' bōw	bīrch
swīft' lŷ	rein(rān)dēer	canoē'

Mr. Longfellow wrote a poem about
the Indians.

He wrote about an Indian boy named
Hiawatha.

This boy lived in the forest.

He knew everything in the forest.

He could tell you where the birds
made their nests.

He learned where they stayed in the
winter.

He called them "Hiawatha's chickens."

He watched the fire-fly at night.

He said, "Light me with your little candle."

He looked at the rainbow, and thought it was a garden of flowers in the sky. He knew why the reindeer ran so swiftly.

The squirrels showed him where they hid their nuts.

The rabbits would run to him.

He called them "Hiawatha's brothers."

Hiawatha made a canoe for himself.

The yellow birch tree gave him its bark.

The cedar gave him branches to make it strong and firm.

It looked like a yellow water-lily as it floated in the river.

NELLY'S LITTLE FRIEND.

ŭn'der nēath'	härm	pöck'et
ground	frīght'ened	afrāid
pōrch	sāved	crăck

A pretty little squirrel once lived in
a garden.

He made his home in a hollow tree.
The tree was not far from the porch
of a farm-house.

A little girl lived in the farm-house.
She loved the little squirrel.

She would sit upon the porch and
watch him at play among the
branches.

Every day she put corn or nuts
about his hole.



The little squirrel used to put his head out of the hole, and look at her.

“Come, dear little squirrel,” she often said, “no one shall harm you.”

He would come out to get the nuts or corn.

He filled his cheeks with them and carried them into his hole.

The squirrel uses his cheeks for a pocket.

Sometimes he cracked the nuts in the garden.

One day the little girl put some nuts upon the steps and about the porch.

Then she took her book, and sat down to read.

By-and-by her little friend peeped from his hole.

He began to take the nuts.

He went up on the porch for some.

The little girl was pleased to see him.

She sat very still and looked at his bushy tail and bright eyes.

“Dear little squirrel,” she said, “come here to me,” and she held out a nut. But the squirrel ran back to his hole in the tree.

“I am sorry you are afraid of me,” said the little girl; “I would not harm you.”

Soon the squirrel became quite tame, and often ran up on the porch, looking for nuts.

There was a large yellow cat who lived at the farm-house.

He saw the squirrel, and one day caught him in his mouth.

Nelly ran after the cat and took the squirrel away from him.

It was frightened, but not hurt.

“Let me hold you now,” said Nelly;

“I took you away from Kitty.”

But the squirrel ran away from her.

He went to his hole and would not come out for a long time.

“I thought he would love me after I saved his life,” said Nelly.

“I think he does not know that I did so.”

She told her little friend, Ruth, about it.

One day when she and Ruth were in the field they saw him.

They walked slowly to the tree
where he was.

He seemed glad to see the little
girls.

They went to the house for some
nuts.

They scattered the nuts all the way
to the farm-house.

The squirrel found his way back
again.

The letter q always takes u with
him in making a word :

quēen

quāke

quēer

quēll

quāck

quēte

quīck

quīēt

quīll



A LITTLE FISHER MAIDEN.

rāce hōoks trout fōl'lōw rēach'es
spēckled beaū'ty cruēl bētweēn'

A beautiful little brook ran between
some soft green hills.

There were shady woods on both
sides of it.

The speckled trout liked to live in
the little brook.

No men with cruel hooks tried to
catch them.

The birds and the rabbits did not
trouble them.

One day a little boy and girl came
into the woods.

They looked down into the pretty
brook.

“Let us take off our shoes and
stockings and wade in it,” said
they.

How clear and cool the water was.

“I saw a fish, Bertie,” said the little girl.

“Oh, I see him, too,” said Bertie.

“I will catch him.

You run up the bank, and then step into the brook.

I will chase him up the brook, and you must catch him when he reaches you.”

Lily did as Bertie told her, and the race began.

Up the brook came the trout with Bertie behind him.

Lily was standing in the brook waiting for him.

“Catch him now, Lily,” said Bertie.

“Shall I catch him in my hands?” said Lily.

“Yes, any way; but don’t let him go, for he is a beauty.”

Down sat Lily in the brook, and the trout swam into her apron.

“I have him! I have him!” she cried. “He is here in my apron.”

“Well, that is one way to catch a fish,” said Bertie. “You are as wet as you can be.”

“Never mind,” said Lily, “it is so warm that I shall not take cold.

I should like to know how you were going to catch him.

It isn’t easy to hold a fish.”

They carried the fish home to mamma.

She laughed when they told her about it. They kept the fish a little while, then took him back to the brook.



LONGFELLOW'S BIRTHDAY.

rēmēm' ber

rēpēat'

dīed

mōney

tēach'ers

sāved

cār' ried

friēnds

chāir

The children in Cambridge loved Mr.
Longfellow.

What do you think they did for his birthday?

They had carried some money to their teachers.

This money was given to some friends of Mr. Longfellow.

These friends were to buy him a birthday present.

The great chestnut tree had been cut down.

The wood had been saved, for people loved the tree.

It made them think of Mr. Longfellow's poem.

Mr. Longfellow's friends had a beautiful chair made from this wood.

It was put into his study upon his birthday.

After his breakfast, he came into the room. There was this beautiful chair.

How happy it made Mr. Longfellow! It made his heart glad because it came from the children, and he wrote a poem to thank them.

After that many children remembered his birthday.

They would talk about his beautiful life.

They learned to repeat his poems.

Sometimes they sent letters to him.

It always pleased him to have them remember him.

He died in March, 1882.

How sad the people were to have him go. His life had made them better and happier.



THE MESSAGE OF THE CHERRY BLOSSOMS.

clũng	fěath'ers	brānch'es
wrēathſ	tũcked	Sěptěm'ber
brôught	dēlight'ed	fłōat'ed

Florence had never seen snow.
 She had always lived in the sunny
 South.

.

At her home the flowers were always
in blossom.

Her papa brought her to live in the
North.

She came North in the month of
September.

She was delighted with the Fall
flowers.

The asters made the fields so bright
and pretty.

The leaves had begun to turn red
and yellow.

Florence thought that they were
beautiful.

“I love the North,” she said, “for
the leaves are so bright.”

By-and-by the winds began to blow.

The leaves floated down to the ground.

Florence looked up at the bare branches.

“You poor lonely things!” she said.

“I wish you had your leaves again.”

One day there came a snow-storm.

The air was full of feathery flakes.

They clung to the bare branches.

They covered them with wreaths of white.

“The snow is very beautiful!” said

Florence, “but I am afraid it is too cold for the trees.

How can the leaves ever come back again?”

“There are little buds on the branches now,” said her papa.

“You shall see for yourself that they are still alive.”

He took Florence out to the cherry tree and broke off some branches.

He put them into water and placed them in the sunlight.

The little brown buds began to grow large.

The tiny leaves and blossoms came out.

“You see that they are there,” said papa, “and the Spring will bring them out again.

The Winter is the time for the tree to rest.”

“In the frozen buds of every winter
Sleep the blossoms of a future flower.”

SNOWFLAKES.

Whene'er a snowflake leaves the sky
It turns and turns, to say "Good-bye."
"Good-bye, dear cloud, so cool and gray,"
Then turns and hastens on its way.

And when a snowflake finds a tree,
"Good day!" it says; "Good day to thee.
Thou art so bare and lonely, dear,
I'll rest and call my playmates here."

But when a snowflake, brave and meek,
Lights on a little maiden's cheek,
It starts—"How warm and mild the day!
'Tis summer!" and it melts away.

— *Selected.*



AN EVENING VISITOR.

ăttŕăct'	clēar'ly	fłown	clōs'ed
sprēad	hīnd	frōnt	scrēen
wīre	hōoked	clāws	

One evening, as Mildred was sitting
in her papa's lap, something flew
into the room.

It looked like a large black bird.

Before Mildred could see it clearly,
it had flown out of the window.

“What kind of a bird was that,” she
asked.

“That was no bird,” said papa; “it was a bat.”

“A bat!” cried Mildred, “how I wish I might see one!

What was it doing in here, papa?”

“It was chasing some insect,” said her papa.

“If it comes in again, I will try to catch it for you.

We will put a bright light near the window.

The light will attract the insects, and the bat will follow them.”

Very soon it flew into the room, and Mildred’s papa closed the window and caught it.

He put a wire screen over the bat so that Mildred might watch him.

“Why, papa! he looks like a mouse,”
said she.

“How does he fly about?”

“Look at the thin skin, like a wing,
on each of his sides.

It is spread from the front to the
hind legs.”

“Just look at his teeth, papa. I
think he would like to bite me.
Where does he live?”

“He may live in a barn or on some
tree. I once found a bat hanging
from a window-blind.

Do you see those hooked claws?

He hangs by those claws with his
head down.”

“I wish I could find one in the
day-time,” said Mildred.

“Keep your eyes open, and you may.
There are very many things for little
girls who have bright eyes.”

Mildred watched the bat for a long
time, and then her papa let him go.

W tried to blow out the candle, and
said, “ōō, ōō,” but he could not
do it.

H said, “I will blow it”; but the
light would not go out.

“Let us try to blow it together,”
they said, and out went the candle.

whȳ	whĕn	whīte	whĭp
what	whōa	whĭch	where

HELPING HANDS.

hŭr' rŷing	căr' rŷing	ěxprĕss'
Hăr' old	mĭn' utes	toŭch' ed
cōast' ing	clōthes	nēith' er

Harold was hurrying home from school one day.

His playmates were going to coast on Pine Hill.

He soon had his sled, and was on his way to the hill, when he saw an old woman.

She was carrying a big basket of clothes.

There was so much snow and ice that she could hardly walk.

Harold ran past her with his sled.

In a few minutes he turned back again.

He went to the old woman, who was resting upon a door step.

He lifted his cap and said, "Good afternoon."

"I suppose it is a good afternoon for boys who like to slide," she said; "but I know I shall slip on the ice."

"If you will put your basket upon my sled," said Harold, "I will take it home for you."

"What!" said the old woman, "are you making fun of me?"

"No," said Harold, "I never make fun of old people. I can take it home for you as well as not."

Then the old woman put the basket on the sled.

Harold had to go very slowly, for the old woman couldn't walk fast. One of the boys saw him, and said, "Hulloa, Harold! I thought you were coming to coast?"

Harold laughed, and said, "So I am, but I am running an express now."

"Oh, that is it," said the boy.

"Well, I am going to the hill."

"I shall be there soon," said Harold.

When he came to the place where the old woman lived, he carried the basket into the house for her.

"Thank you," said she. "I think you are a kind boy."

"You are welcome," said Harold, and he touched his cap and ran off to the hill.

I think he had the best time of any
boy there.

Do you know why I think so?

OW AND OU.

There are three letters who say
“ow.” They go together in pairs,
“ow” and “ou.”

I think o is to blame. W and u never
sound so by themselves.

brown	town	mouse	sour	found
frown	growl	souse	hour	hound
drown	howl	rouse	round	wound
crown	scowl	douse	sound	pound
down	house	our	bound	proud



CARL AND THE CLOUDS.

Cū'mūlūs	floāt	pīl'ed
ēn'tered	cās'tle	āppēar'
Lēs'lie	lī'lac	tīred
mīs'sion (shun)		

When the summer came there were no more pictures on the window-pane for little Carl.

He would watch the children at play until he was tired, and then he would lie down and look at the clouds.

One day he heard some one rap at the door.

“Come in,” he said, and a lady entered with a basket of flowers in her hand.

“I am Miss Leslie, and I have some flowers for you,” she said.

“Oh, thank you!” said Carl. “How beautiful they look! but don’t you wish to give them to your friends?”

“The flower mission sent them to you,” said the lady, “and you shall have more next week.”

“How kind you are!” said Carl; “what is a flower mission?”

“The flower mission sends flowers to those who have none.

Sometimes little children go into the fields and bring us wild flowers.

A little boy in the yard below told me that you were lame, and had no flowers.”

“Was it the boy who has curly hair?” said Carl. “He looks up at me every morning.”

“I think so,” said Miss Leslie. “Now tell me what you were doing when I came in.”

“I was watching that cloud.
See how it is piled up, and how
beautifully the light shines on it.
I hope it will not go away before
the sun sets. I like to see the
clouds turn pink and violet.”

“Do you often watch the clouds,
Carl?”

“Yes, I do. I lie here and see them
float by, when I am too tired to
do anything else.

This one doesn't come very often.
I think if it stays until sunset
it will look like these flowers.”

Miss Leslie smiled. “It does make
me think of the lilacs. Would
you like to know your clouds by
name, Carl?”

“Yes, indeed. I didn’t know clouds had names.”

“This one is ‘Cumulus.’ Sometimes it looks like a great castle, and again like mountains covered with snow.”

“So it does,” said Carl. “I have never seen a castle or mountains, but I think I know how they look. I shall try to remember ‘Cumulus’ and watch for it.”

“I may be able to give you the names of some other clouds next time,” said Miss Leslie, “but I must go now. I shall try to come and see you next week.”

“I hope you will,” said Carl. “I shall be glad to see you.”

THE POET AND THE CHILDREN.

H. W. L.

With a glory of winter sunshine
Over his locks of gray,
In the old historic mansion,
He sat on his last birthday,

With his books and his pleasant pictures,
And his household and his kin,
While a sound as of myriads singing
From far and near stole in.

It came from his own fair city,
From the prairie's boundless plain,
From the Golden Gate of sunset,
And the cedarn woods of Maine;

And his heart grew warm within him,
And his moistening eyes grew dim,
For he knew that his country's children
Were singing the songs of him.

The lays of his life's glad morning,
The psalms of his evening time,
Whose echoes shall float forever
On the winds of every clime.

All their beautiful consolations,
Sent forth like birds of cheer,
Came flocking back to his windows,
And sang in the poet's ear.

Grateful, but solemn and tender,
The music rose and fell
With a joy akin to sadness
And a greeting like farewell.

With a sense of awe he listened
To the voices sweet and young;
The last of earth and the first of heaven
Seemed in the songs they sung.

And waiting a little longer
For the wonderful change to come,
He heard the Summoning Angel
Who calls God's children home!

And to him, in a holier welcome,
Was the mystical meaning given
Of the words of the blessed Master,
“Of such is the kingdom of Heaven!”

— *John Greenleaf Whittier.*

Who was the poet in the historic
mansion?
Where was the mansion?
Whose voices were singing his poems?
Why did the children remember his
birthday?



WHITTIER'S BIRTHPLACE.

Hā' ver/hill Whīt' tīēr dīs' tance
hīstōr' ic

I will tell you who wrote this poem.
It was John Greenleaf Whittier.
Mr. Whittier was a poet.
This is a picture of his birthplace.

He was born in the same year as Mr. Longfellow.

Mr. Whittier was born on the 17th of December, 1807.

His first home was a farm-house in Haverhill, Massachusetts.

There were woods all about it when Mr. Whittier was a boy.

At one side of the house was an old well.

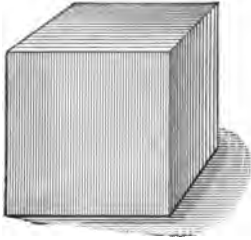
A brook ran at the foot of the hill.

There were hills to be seen in the distance.

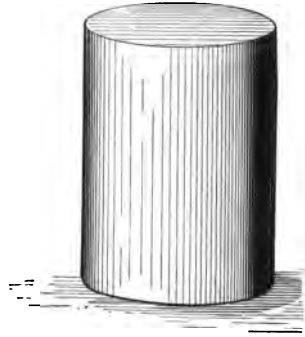
Mr. Whittier always loved these hills.

He was a very happy boy.

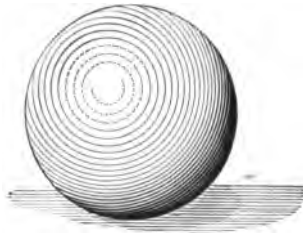
Would you not have liked to play there with him?



Twelve edges for you,



Two edges for you,



No edges at all for me.



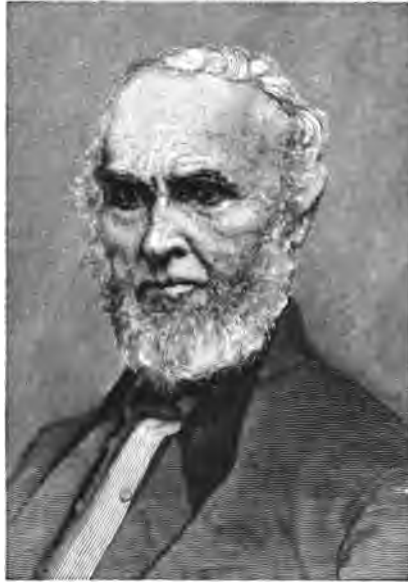
Twelve edg - es for you, Two edg - es for you, No



edg - es at all for me. If I should have edg-es, as



both of you do, I'd not be so hap-py and free.



MR. WHITTIER.

băre' fööt yōŭng wōod' chŭck
 străw' bërries ōriōle

This is a picture of Mr. Whittier.
 He is a man in the picture, but he
 always remembered when he was
 a boy.

He liked to think of his life on the
. farm.

Mr. Whittier wrote a poem about a
barefoot boy.

Why do you think he wrote about
him?

He used to run about with bare feet
when he was a boy.

He told of the happy times he used
to have.

He knew how the woodchuck dug
his hole.

He watched the robin feed her young.
The oriole let him see her nest.

She hangs it from a high branch
of a tree.

There were red strawberries on the
hill for him.

He knew where to find the whitest lilies.

The squirrels would play about him. They knew that he had a kind heart. Do you not think he was a happy boy?

He thought that the whole world was full of beauty for him.

He liked to sit on the door-step to eat his supper of bread and milk. The beautiful clouds floated above his head.

One after another the fireflies would shine out in the fields.

What beautiful thoughts these things would bring to him!



THE BAREFOOT BOY.

Blessings on thee, little man,
Barefoot boy, with cheek of tan!

With thy turned-up pantaloons,
 And thy many whistled tunes;
 With thy red lip, redder still
 Kissed by strawberries on the hill;
 With the sunshine on thy face,
 Through thy torn brim's jaunty grace:
 From my heart I give thee joy, —
 I was once a barefoot boy!

O, for boyhood's painless play,
 Sleep that wakes in laughing day,
 Health that mocks the doctor's rules,
 Knowledge never learned of schools,
 Of the wild bee's morning chase,
 Of the wild-flower's time and place,
 How the tortoise bears his shell,
 How the woodchuck digs his cell,
 And the ground-mole sinks his well:

How the robin feeds her young,
How the oriole's nest is hung:
Where the whitest lilies blow,
Where the freshest berries grow.
For eschewing books and talks,
Nature answers all he asks.
Hand in hand with her he walks,
Face to face with her he talks,
Part and parcel of her joy, —
Blessings on the barefoot boy!

— *John Greenleaf Whittier.*



BESSIE AND THE MUG.

sīl' ver thōught sūppōse' dāugh' ter
brōught ō' pēned hārd' lŷ

Bessie's papa had a silver mug.
His father gave it to him when he
was a little boy.

Bessie thought that the mug was beautiful.

Her papa often let her drink from it. She used to rub the silver and keep it bright.

She wished her papa to give it to her for her own.

“I must give it to Charlie,” said her papa.

It says ‘To my son’ upon it. Charlie is my son. You are my little daughter.”

Bessie went by herself to think about it.

She wanted the mug very much.

“Charlie does not care for it as I do,” she thought.

“He will not keep the silver bright.

I wish it did not have 'To my son' upon it."

By-and-by she ran to her father.

"Oh, papa," she said, "I have thought what you can do.

You can take it to the store and have them put 'shine' upon it.

Then it will read 'To my Sunshine,' and Sunshine is one of your names for me."

Her papa laughed and said, "I will see what I can do."

A few days later he brought a box to Bessie.

She opened the box and there was a beautiful silver mug.

What do you suppose she read upon the mug?

“TO MY SUNSHINE.”

She was so happy that she hardly knew what to say.

“Do you see why I could not put ‘shine’ upon the other mug?” said papa.

“Yes, papa; s-o-n does not mean the same as s-u-n. I shall never forget that again.”

I love to see the shine.
Charlie was his father's



MR. WHITTIER'S SCHOOL DAYS.

bēcome' piēc' es lēad
 news'-pāper sūrprīs'ed āf'terwārd's
 schōol'māster lēarn'ed

Mr. Whittier went to school when
 he was a little boy.

His first school was in a farm-house.
 I wonder how you would have liked
 his school.

There were no writing-books in
 those days.

He had to write upon pieces of paper.
The children had no lead pencils.
The boys used to write with big
pieces of lead.

Mr. Whittier tells us a little about
his school life.

He wrote a poem called "To my
Schoolmaster."

Afterwards he went to school in a
little brown school-house.

He began to write poems when he
was a boy.

One day his sister Mary sent one of
his poems to a newspaper.

Mr. Whittier was then nineteen years
old.

He wished to become a poet.

He had kept his poems hidden away.

He was very much surprised to see
his poem in a newspaper.

Mr. Whittier wished to learn more.

He began to work and save his
money.

He went to school for some time.

After that he wrote many poems.

People soon learned to know him
and to love his poetry.



MAY-DAY.

spěnd'ing ěv'ergreēn hēpăt'ica pōle
wrēath wīnd'ing clūs'ter

Some boys and girls were spending
a day in the woods.

It was May-day and there was no school.

One little girl was the May Queen.
She was to wear a wreath of flowers
upon her head.

The children were winding evergreen
about a pole.

“This is our May-pole, and we shall
dance about it,” they said.

They soon began to hunt for flowers.
The sweet mayflowers peeped out
from under their leaves, and the
bright-eyed children soon found
them.

One little girl went away by herself.
She followed a tiny brook.

Here and there she found a few
blossoms.

She found a cluster of beautiful flowers.
Some were pink, some violet, and
others were white.

The calyx was soft and covered with
fine hairs.

“You have your furs on still, my
flowers,” said the little girl.

“I am glad that you are careful, for
you come so early that Jack Frost
may catch you.

I think I know your name; you are
the hepatica.

You are one of the first flowers to
awake.”

She stayed by the little brook. and
watched it run over the stones.

It sang a happy song as it went on
its way.

“You are glad to be free once more,”
she said.

By-and-by she followed the brook back
where the other children were.

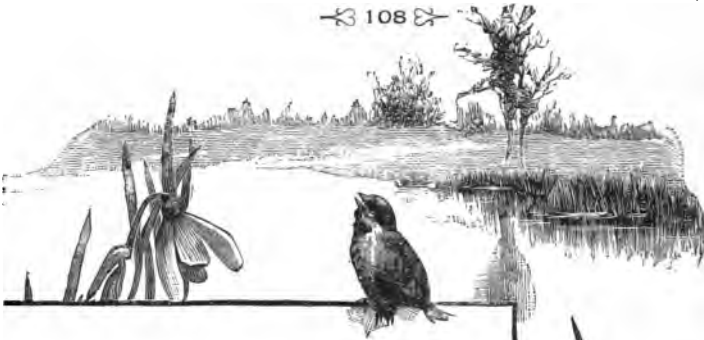
As soon as she came into sight she
heard them calling, “She is found!
She is found!”

“Who is found?” she asked.

“Why, you are found. We have all
been looking for you.”

“I have not been lost,” she said.

“I have been with the little brook.
I followed it into the woods and then
I followed it back again.”



THE SNOWDROP.

mür' mured	shiv' er
gläd' ness	breeze
whis' per	

“Dear little snowdrop,” mur-
mured the breeze,
“How you do shiver, cold
days like these.
Earth is so dreary, falls but
the sigh.

Will these dark days ever go by?”

“That’s why I’m here, love; gladness I bring.
‘Take heart,’ I whisper, ‘See it is the Spring!’”

— *Selected.*



"IN SCHOOL DAYS."

rēmēm'ber spëll'ing clāss lād'der
mīsspëll' fāiled cûrls wāit'ed

Mr. Whittier always remembered one
little girl in his school.

She was a very kind little girl.

She was in the spelling class with
him.

The children stood in a line to spell.
Sometimes the children misspelled
a word.

The one who spelled it right went
above those who failed.

It was like climbing up a ladder.

One day Mr. Whittier spelled a word
wrong.

This little girl, with the golden curls,
went above him.

She was sorry to have him spell it
wrong.

She knew it made him feel badly.
After school she waited for him.

When he came out of school she
went to him.

She looked into his face with her
brown eyes, and said:

“I’m sorry that I spelt the word;
I hate to go above you.

Because,” — the brown eyes lower
fell, —

“Because, you see, I love you!”



SPECKLE AND HER CHICKENS.

Spěck'le hăch căck'le flũf' fỹ
cũr' rânt tăll'est shăd' ỹ bũsh

Poor old Speckle was in trouble.

She couldn't keep her eggs.

She hid them in the hay, but Harry found them.

She made a nest under a currant bush, but Mary took them away.

"I shall never hatch any chickens," said Speckle.

"Why do people take away my eggs? I wish I could have a nest like a bird. I would make it in the top of the tallest tree.

A robin left one in the apple tree last year. I might lay my eggs in it.

No, that wouldn't do, for chickens run about at once.

Their feet are not made for trees.

They would fall from the branches.

If they stayed in their nest, like birds,
I would try it.

I will make a nest in the cornfield.”
She found a shady, green spot and
laid some eggs.

She would run back into the barn-
yard before she dared to cackle.

At last nine little chickens • peeped
out of their shells.

Speckle was very proud of them.

She took them at once to the farm-
yard.

Harry was there feeding the hens.

“See my chickens!” she clucked; “you
did not get my eggs this time.”

Harry called Mary out to see them.

“Well, old Speckle,” said Mary, “you
did hatch your eggs.

You shall have some meal for your
pretty, fluffy chickens.”

Mary picked up one of the chickens
and carried it home in her apron.

“Old Speckle can spare you,” she
said, “and I want you for a pet.”

•

My chicken's name is Cuddle;
Just see him wink his eyes!
He's only three days old now,
And yet he's very wise.
I think he's very clever,
The funny little Peep;
The way he says he loves me
Is “Cheep! cheep! cheep!”

— *Selected.*



Āmes burȳ
cäll'ing
hēard

whōa
pär'ròt
Rōb'in

chûrch
lēarned
Adâir'

The old farm at Haverhill was sold
in 1840.

Mr. Whittier then went to live in
Amesbury.

This is a picture of his home there.
He loved little children, and would
talk and play with them.

The children in Amesbury soon
learned to know and love him.

He had a parrot. The parrot's name
was Charlie.

The children called Mr. Whittier
“The man with the parrot.”

Charlie would talk to them.

When he heard the school-bell ring he
would call, “Run in, boys! Run in!”

He would say “Whoa” to the horses
that passed.

The horses would often stop, for they
did not know it was a bird talking.

One Sunday the parrot flew into a tree in the front yard.

He began calling to the people as they went to church.

Mr. Whittier tried to make him fly back to his cage.

He wished the parrot to be quiet on Sunday.

At last the parrot flew back to the house.

Mr. Whittier had many pets.

One of them was a yellow cat.

He would bring it in to show to the children when they came to see him.

Another pet was a large dog.

His name was Robin Adair.

There is a song about Robin Adair.

One day a lady sang it to Mr. Whittier.
The dog heard the song and came
close to her while she sang.

“He thinks you are singing to him,”
said Mr. Whittier.

Read “The Common Question” to the class.

Sometimes children run in from school
and wake the baby. Mamma says,
“Sh! sh! Make no noise.”

shăll

shôve

shöþ

shŭt

shīne

shĭp

shōw

shōne

shôrt

shāpe

shōot

shôre

THE FIR TREES.

fīr	strāight	whīs'per
moun'tain	slēn'der	tīp'ped
nēē'dles	brānch'es	lōne'ly
wōn'der		cōne

Two young fir trees grew upon the side of a mountain.

The trees about them were oaks or maples. They had beautiful large leaves.

The birds made nests upon their branches.

They did not build in the fir trees.

The fir trees were covered with slender needles.

When the wind blew they would whisper to each other.

“Why are we not like the other trees?

Their leaves are large and beautiful.
Their branches reach out to welcome
the birds and squirrels.

The children rest beneath their shade.
The squirrels play among them.

No one seems to care for us.”

“Never mind the other trees,” said
a sunbeam; “I will come to visit
you. Grow strong and straight
and your happy time will come.”

By-and-by Jack Frost flew into the
woods.

The days began to grow cold.

The leaves put on their bright colors.
Some were red and others were
yellow.

The fir trees looked down into the valley at the bright colors.

“How beautiful the trees are!” they said to one another.

“I wonder what color we shall be.”

“I should like to have yellow leaves,” said one.

“I hope my needles will be tipped with red,” said the other.

Every morning they would look at their needles to see if they were changed.

Each morning the needles were as green as ever.

The trees shook their heads sadly.

“Our leaves are not going to change,” they said. “I wonder why we are not like the maples and oaks.”

By-and-by the leaves on the oaks and
maples began to fall.

Soon all the branches were bare.

The fir trees were still bright and
green.

“We are sorry for the poor trees,”
they said.

“They are so lonely and bare.”

A few little snowbirds were in the
woods.

They flew to the fir trees and pecked
at their cones.

“The birds want our seeds,” said the
fir trees. “Let us open our cones
and feed them.”

So they let the seeds fall from their
cones.



clēar
fīll'ed
mīght
còl'ored
còv'ered
Chrīst' mās

THE FIR TREES' REWARD.

One day the air was filled with snowflakes.

They danced about to find a resting place.

Some of them flew to the fir trees, and rested upon them.

They called to their playmates, and soon the branches were covered with snow.

The fir trees were very happy.

“We love the soft, white snowflakes,” they said.

“We wish we might keep them with us always.”

In a few days the sun found the snowflakes, and carried them back to their cloud home.

Then the fir trees were sad again.
One clear, cold day, some children
came with their father into the
wood.

They ran at once to the fir trees.
“Here are the trees we want!” they
cried.

“See how pretty and green they are!
They are straight and strong, and
will be fine Christmas trees.”

So their father cut down the fir trees
and carried them home.

In a few days the fir trees were
covered with beautiful things.

There were tiny candles to make
them bright.

“How happy we are!” they said.

“We are so glad to be fir trees!

This is better than having the bright
colored leaves.

It is beautiful to give ourselves to
make others happy.”

Whispering pines of the forest,
What do your voices say?
I hear the sound of your murmuring
Throughout the live-long day.

In winter we talk of the flowers
Which make the forest bright.
We do not wish to forget them
While they are out of sight.

In summer we think of the snow-wreaths
Which weigh our branches down :
We shall stand white in the starlight,
Like a bride in her snowy gown.

NIMBUS, THE RAIN CLOUD.

shāpes	frāg'rant	dūll
cūr' tāins	bōn' nets	tałk'ing
drops	Nīm'būs	voice

Carl liked to watch the clouds more than ever, now.

He would look for the clouds whose names he knew, and saw many shapes in the sky.

“I wonder what that large cloud is,” he said one day. “It covers the whole sky.

It looks like a heavy gray curtain.

If Miss Leslie comes to-day I will ask her.”

Very soon the rain began to fall.

“Oh, dear!” said Carl, “I am afraid Miss Leslie will not come to-day.”

He was watching the raindrops on the window, when there came a rap at the door.

“Come in,” he said, and Miss Leslie walked into the room.

“I am very glad to see you,” said Carl. “I was afraid the rain would keep you away.”

“Oh, no,” said Miss Leslie; “I do not stay at home for the rain.

I have some sweet peas for you to-day.”

“How lovely they are!” said Carl, taking them in his hand. “Why do you wear sun-bonnets, little flowers? I can’t see that you have faces. How sweet you smell!”

“Yes,” said Miss Leslie, “they are very fragrant.”

“I know mamma will like to see them, for when she was a little girl she had some in her garden.

Can you tell me the name of this large, gray cloud that covers the sky?”

“This cloud’s name is Nimbus,” said Miss Leslie. “It is the rain cloud.”

“I don’t think Nimbus is a very pretty cloud,” said Carl. “It is so dull and gray.”

“It is the cloud which the rainbow rests upon, and you know that is very beautiful.”

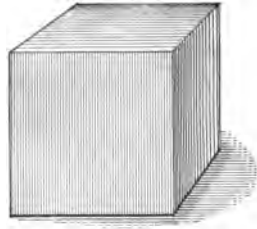
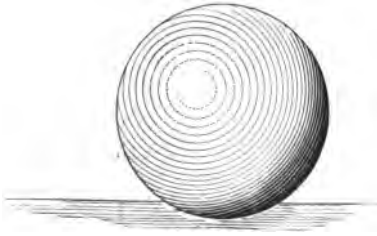
“Yes, Miss Leslie; and it is the cloud that has a voice.

Sometimes the raindrops patter against the window-pane as if they were talking to me. I think I like the Nimbus cloud, after all."

"The flowers could not grow if there was no rain cloud," said Miss Leslie; "so you should like the Nimbus cloud very much.

I wish you might see how they lift their heads when the rain begins to fall. You shall see them, too, for you are going to the country with me soon."

"How happy I shall be," said Carl, and his face was very bright as he said "Good-bye."

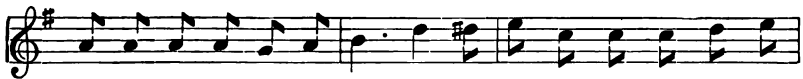


WHAT THE CUBE SAID TO THE SPHERE.

'Tis true, little sphere, you can roll,
 And if you try hard, you can stand, too;
 But I can sit still on the side of a hill,
 And that is one thing that you can't do.



'Tis true, lit - tle sphere, you can roll,..... And



if you try hard you can stand, too; But I can sit still on the



side of a hill, And that is one thing that you can't do.

MR. WHITTIER AT OAK KNOLL.

Ōak Knōll ôr' chärds shōuld'er
 Dăn' vers Fri' dāy gnaw
 bŭt' tōns

Mr. Whittier lived a part of the time
at Oak Knoll.

Oak Knoll is the name of a farm at
Danvers.

Danvers is an hour's ride from
Amesbury.

Mr. Whittier loved to be at Oak Knoll.
There are large trees about the house.
There are orchards of fruit trees
near it.

Behind the house is a beautiful
garden.

There is a fountain in the center of the garden.

One day the gardener brought a squirrel to Mr. Whittier.

Mr. Whittier named the squirrel Friday, and had a cage made for him, which was hung in his study. Friday became very tame and used to run about the house.

Mr. Whittier carried nuts in his pocket for Friday.

The squirrel would hunt for the nuts. When he had found one he would carry it up on Mr. Whittier's shoulder.

He liked to crack and eat it there.

What do you suppose he would sometimes do?

He would find Mr. Whittier asleep.



Then he
would gnaw the
buttons from his coat.
Wasn't he a funny
squirrel to do this, for he knew he
could not eat them?

Sometimes Friday would run off into the woods.

Perhaps he made visits to the other squirrels.

He loved best to be with Mr. Whittier, and always came back again.

Sometimes o takes a with him, and calls his own name.

He doesn't let a make a sound.

Some children might think e was hiding at the end of the word.

They would not know a was there if they had not seen him.

ōar	gōat	whōa	rōar
cōat	lōad	flōat	sōar
bōat	tōad	rōam	clōak



ground piēce sīl' ver bēets rāt' tle
bēans lā' bēls māids (bīš) bus' il' y

MARY'S GARDEN.

The lovely spring-time had come, and Mary's father was making his garden.

"You and Harry shall each have a garden for your own," he said.

So he gave them each a piece of ground for a garden.

"I shall plant beets, corn and beans in mine," said Harry.

"And I shall fill mine with beautiful flowers," said Mary.

Harry planted his garden first.

Mary went out to look at it, and to plant her seeds.

"How bare your garden looks," she said; "and what are those pieces of paper?"

“They have the names of the seeds written upon them,” said Harry.

“Well, I don’t think they look very pretty. I wish my flower-bed to look pretty, and it shall, too.”

Harry laughed and said, “How can it look pretty before the flowers grow?”

“You shall see, Harry Gray. I know what I shall do.”

A few days later, when Harry came home from school, he saw Mary in the garden.

She was working busily, and called him to come and look at her flower-bed.

There were paper dolls in gay dresses standing about.

“Well, I must say you have a funny looking garden. Why are those dolls there?”

“Those are my labels,” said Mary.

“The one above the pansy seeds has a purple dress.

The pink one is over the sweet peas, and the blue one shows where the forget-me-nots are planted.

Isn't my garden pretty?”

“I never saw such a girl,” said Harry. The next morning Harry asked Mary to have a race to the garden.

When Mary came to her flower-bed she saw a border of shells around it. An old rattle which belonged to the baby was standing up in the middle of the bed.

“Why, Harry Gray, what have you been doing with baby’s bells?”

“I planted some bluebells for you and that is the label,” said Harry, then he began to laugh.

“What are you laughing at, Harry Gray?”

Harry began to sing,—

“Mistress Mary, quite contrary,
How does your garden grow?”

Mary laughed then, herself, and answered,—

“With silver bells and cockle shells,
And pretty maids all in a row.”

MR. WHITTIER'S MOCKING-BIRD.

möck'ing whīs'tle Dāv'id Phē'bē

Mr. Whittier had a beautiful mocking-
bird.

His name was David.

He was full of music and fun.

He would whistle to the horses.

He knew Mr. Whittier and would
call his name.

He would sing, "Whittier! Whittier!"

Mr. Whittier let him fly about the
house.

Sometimes he would fly up in the air.

Then he would light upon Mr.
Whittier's head.

I will tell you the pet Mr. Whittier
loved the best. It was a little girl.

She lived at Oak Knoll, and her name
was Phebe.

Mr. Whittier used to play with her.
They would play school together.

Phebe was always the teacher.

He helped her to build a playhouse
in the grove.

Mr. Whittier wrote a poem about
Phebe.

He called her "Little Red Riding
Hood."

How many beautiful thoughts he must
have given to the little girl.

He has left many thoughts for you,
too.

You must learn to read his poems
for yourself.



WHY HENRY WAS LATE.

crŷ'ing	hăp'pen	trouă'le
perhăps'	mĭn'utes	rēas'on

Henry was on his way to school one morning, when he met a little boy. The boy was crying, and Henry asked what the trouble was. "I don't know the way home," said the boy.

“What is your name, and where do you live?” asked Henry.

“My name is Bertie Long, and I live on Gray street.”

“Why, that is a long way from here,” said Henry. “How did you happen to be so far from home?”

“I went to ride with the milkman and I rode too far.”

“I should think you did. I wish I had time to take you home, but I must go to school.”

The boy began to cry again.

“Oh, please take me home,” he said.

“Oh, dear!” said Henry to himself,
“I haven’t been late this year.

He ought to have gone home long ago.”

Henry stood still for a few minutes, and then went to Bertie.

“I’ll take you home,” he said, “if you will stop crying.

I don’t wish to walk with a boy who cries.

Don’t you know that boys should never cry?”

Bertie stopped crying and began to smile.

“You would have gone to school if I had not cried,” he said, “and then I shouldn’t have found my way home.”

“That is so,” said Henry. “Perhaps little boys like you may cry sometimes. You must hurry now, for I hate to be late.”

It was a long walk to Bertie's home,
but they reached it at last.

Henry could hardly wait for Bertie's
mother to thank him, but ran as
fast as he could to school.

He was ten minutes late, but when
he told his teacher the reason, she
said that he did right.

“But I did wish I could go to school
all this year without being late,”
said Henry.

“Kind hearts are the gardens;
Kind thoughts are the roots;
Kind words are the flowers;
Kind deeds are the fruits.”



LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.

fröst brēathed jāy haw̃k drift
blōwn amōng'

One day there was a heavy snow-
storm at Oak Knoll.

The windows were covered with frost.
Little Phebe breathed upon one of
the panes so that she could see
through it.

Everything was covered with snow.
Phebe saw a crow fly by. A gray
hawk and a blue-jay flew among
the trees.

On one drift sat a squirrel with his
broad tail towards the north wind.
“They are hungry,” thought little
Phebe. “The snow has covered
up the seeds which they eat.”

“Oh! see!” she said, “the poor blue-
jays.

What is it that the black crow says?
The squirrel lifts his little legs,
Because he has no hands, and begs.
He’s asking for my nuts, I know.
May I not feed them on the snow?”
Phebe’s mother let her put on her
big boots and pretty red hood.

She took a little basket of nuts and corn.

The wind blew hard, and the drifts were deep, but Phebe did not care. She went where she had seen the birds and the squirrel.

She threw the nuts and corn to them, and said :

“Come, squirrel, from your hollow oak, —

Come, black old crow, — come, poor blue-jay,

Before your supper’s blown away.

Don’t be afraid, we are all good,

And I’m mamma’s Red Riding Hood!”

RED RIDING HOOD.

On the wide lawn the snow lay deep,
Ridged o'er with many a drifted heap;
The wind that through the pine trees sung
The naked elm boughs tossed and swung;
While, through the window, frosty-starred,
Against the sunset purple-barred,
We saw the sombre crow flap by,
The hawk's gray fleck along the sky,
The crested blue-jay flitting swift,
The squirrel poising on the drift,
Erect, alert, his broad gray tail
Set to the north wind like a sail.

It came to pass, our little lass,
With flattened face against the glass,
And eyes in which the tender dew
Of pity shone, stood gazing through
The narrow space her rosy lips
Had melted from the frost's eclipse:
"Oh, see," she cried, "the poor blue-jays!
What is it that the black crow says?"

The squirrel lifts his little legs,
Because he has no hands, and begs;
He's asking for my nuts, I know;
May I not feed them on the snow?"

Half lost within her boots, her head
Warm-sheltered in her hood of red,
Her plaid skirt close about her drawn,
She floundered down the wintry lawn;
Now struggling through the misty veil
Blown round her by the shrieking gale;
Now sinking in a drift so low
Her scarlet hood could scarcely show
Its dash of color on the snow.

She dropped for bird and beast forlorn
Her little store of nuts and corn,
And thus her timid guests bespoke:
"Come, squirrel, from your hollow oak,—
Come, black old crow,—come, poor blue-jay,
Before your supper's blown away.
Don't be afraid, we are all good;
And I'm mamma's Red Riding Hood!"

— John Greenleaf Whittier.

TIM AND THE PEAR.

jūi'cy	hǒn'ěst	rēach'ing
bēlǒng'ed	sīde'wālk	bōot'blăck

A ripe, juicy pear had rolled off a fruit stand, and was lying upon the sidewalk.

One little hand was reaching for it. Two bright eyes were looking at the pear.

They belonged to Tim, the bootblack. "That is a fine pear," he said.

"I'll get it when the man isn't looking."

Just then a gentleman walked up to the fruit stand.

"Now is my time," said Tim, and he picked it up.



“You are a beauty,” he said, “and I’ll take you home to Kitty.

How her eyes will shine when she sees you.

She will say, ‘O, Tim, how good you are! Where did you get that pear?’

And then what shall I say?

She will be sorry if I tell her where I got it. I must give it back to the man, for Kitty will say it is his.”

So Tim walked slowly to the fruit stand.

“Here is one of your pears,” he said.

“It fell off the stand.”

“You may keep it,” said the man.

Tim said, “Thank you,” and was running away, when the gentleman called to him.

“Come here, my boy,” he said.

“I saw you pick up that pear. Why did you wait so long before you gave it back?”

“I wanted it for Kitty, sir; but I gave it back. You saw me.”

“I am glad to say that I did,” said the gentleman. “I hope you will not be so slow about doing right the next time.

Now tell me about Kitty.”

“She is my little sister, sir, and she is lame.

She wants me to be honest, and that is why I remembered that the pear wasn't mine.”

“Take these grapes to Kitty for me,” said the gentleman.

“I am glad you have such a sister, and hope you will always be honest.”

• “Thank you; I will try to be,” said Tim, and he ran home and told his little sister all about it.

Kitty was pleased with the pear and the grapes.

“But, Tim, dear,” she said, “I am most pleased because my brother was honest.”

The birds can sing,
The birds are singing;
The bells will ring,
The bells are ringing;
The winds must blow,
The winds are blowing;
The flowers grow,
The flowers are growing.

MR. WHITTIER'S BIRTHDAY.

brôught small'ěst frēē'dòm
rēmēm'bered

The children remembered Mr. Whittier's birthday.

They kept the day for the first time in 1887.

Can you tell how old he was on that birthday?

Many people showed him how much they loved him.

Why do you think they loved him?

I think it was because he loved everything that God has made.

His poems were full of love and freedom.

Mr. Whittier died in September, 1892.

The people felt that a friend had gone from them.

The children in Danvers came together to show their love for him.

“We know he loved us,” they said.

“His smile was full of love for us.

It looked out of his beautiful eyes.”

The children in Amesbury brought flowers to show their love for their dear friend.

A beautiful life helps everybody.



FLOWER DOLLS.

pö'p'pies ā'côrns cŭ'r'rants săsh
 hănd'ful trŭnk tŷ'ing blāde
 năstŭr'tium (shum)

“Oh, dear!” said Helen, “I don’t know what to play. I wish I had brought my dolls and my tea-set. I wish to have a party.

Mamma said they would take too much room in the trunk, and I have only one doll with me. I am tired of playing with her.”

“How many dolls should you like?” said Aunt Jessie.

“Oh! ever so many! so that I could play party.”

“Very well,” said Aunt Jessie, “come into the garden with me.”

Helen put on her big hat, and they went into the garden.

Aunt Jessie went first to a bed of poppies, and gathered a handful of the bright blossoms.

Then she and Helen found a seat upon a stone under an oak tree.

Aunt Jessie took one of the poppies and turning back the petals, tied a blade of grass about them for a sash.

She then broke off a piece of the stem, and put it through the petals to make arms.

“Oh, what a funny little doll!” said Helen.

“See, Auntie, it can stand alone.

I can make one now.”

Soon she had a large family, with bright colored dresses.

“This flat stone will be a good place for the party,” said Aunt Jessie.

“Go pick some nasturtium leaves, Helen. They are flat and will do for plates.

Take some large currants off the stem, and the dolls may have them for apples.”

When Helen came back, Aunt Jessie had made a little teapot for her.

It was a cherry with the stem turned over, and put into it at one side for a handle, and another piece of stem formed the nose.

Helen was so much pleased with it
that she made one for each of the
dolls.

Aunt Jessie made some cups and
saucers from acorns, and Helen
played with her dolls all the
afternoon.

Pretty little flower folks,
In the garden beds;
Gentle dews to bathe them—
See them nod their heads—
Busy bees to visit them;
Birdlings full of glee:
Do you love your garden home,
Or will you come with me?



FLOWER FAIRIES.

thôught strānge mōon rēach'ed
fāst'ened bēet'le frēsh sprēad

That night, after Helen had gone to
bed, she thought of her poppy
dolls.

“Dear me!” said she, “the poor
things are still out there on the
stone.

I wish I had stood them up in a dish of water.

It is good for them to have their feet wet. I wish it were good for me, for then I should not take cold so easily.

I am very sorry that I forgot them.” She soon fell asleep and this is what she saw in her dreams.

When the moon and stars came out it was quite light in the garden. The poppy dolls began to move about.

“We never could do this before,” they said. “It is better than being fastened to a stem.”

The fireflies came to talk with them. “How strange you look!” they said.

“I wish we could fly about as you do. I should like to go back to our home in the flower-bed,” said a pink poppy.

“I will find a beetle,” said the firefly,
“and he will let you ride upon his back.”

He flew away, but soon came back with a large beetle.

“Do not fall off when I spread my under wings,” he said.

The pink poppy held on firmly, and soon reached her old home.

She stood upon a large leaf and told the other poppies what a good time she had been having.

They did not know her, at first, but thought she was some bright moth.

“Do you like to have your petals turned back?” they asked.

“Yes, if I could go to sleep; but I cannot close them now.”

“Well, we must close ours,” said the others, and soon the pink poppy was left alone.

The beetle took her back to the poppy dolls, and Helen found them all there the next morning.

The dew had kept them fresh.

Who can tell what the flowers do,
In the misty, soft moonlight?
When the breezes whisper, they gently sway,
As if they wished they might fly away,
Out into the quiet night.

CARL IN THE COUNTRY.

hām'mōck flēēç'y
 Çir'rūs Strä'tūs
 fōrmed flōat

One day in July,
 Carl was taken to
 Miss Leslie's home
 in the country.

He was never so
 happy in his life.

He would lie on
 the soft grass for
 hours, and watch
 the butterflies and
 bees among the
 flowers.

He had never seen
 them before.



Miss Leslie's father hung a hammock in the garden, so that Carl might be among the flowers.

Some tall lilies grew close beside the hammock, where Carl could reach them.

Miss Leslie found him looking up into the sky, one afternoon.

"What clouds do you see to-day, Carl?" she asked.

"There are some small, fleecy clouds in the sky now," said Carl.

"They look like soft feathers."

Miss Leslie looked up into the sky.

"Those are called Cirrus clouds," she said.

"The Cirrus clouds float very high."

“Sometimes they look like long, snowy wreaths,” said Carl.

“I watched them one day until they faded away, and another time they came together and formed a big cloud.

I saw another cloud last night at sunset. It was very low, and looked like a soft, white belt.”

“That was a Stratus cloud,” said Miss Leslie.

“The setting sun made it beautiful,” said Carl. “At first it was pink, and then it turned to purple.

I think I shall remember the clouds now.

The one that looks like a castle is the Cumulus.

The big rain cloud is Nimbus.

A Stratus cloud is the long, soft one
I see at sunset, and these pretty,
snowy wreaths are the Cirrus
clouds."

Read Longfellow's "Rain in Summer."





Chrīst' mās Sānta Claus chīm' neŷ
 ĭnvīte' sleigh (slāy) trīmmed

WALTER'S CHRISTMAS TREE.

bôrn drëss'ed shout'ed

Walter was going to have a Christmas party this year.

His birthday came on Christmas day, and he was a Christmas present to his papa and mamma.

“I think people forget it is my birthday,” he said.

“They think only of its being Christmas. May I have a real Christmas party?”

“Yes, you shall,” said mamma, “and Santa Claus shall be there.”

Walter thought that would be fun.

“Whom shall you invite?” asked mamma.

Walter thought for a little while, and then he said, "I want it to be a real Christmas party, and I think I shall ask some poor boys who have no Christmas."

"I am very glad that you think so," said mamma. "I should like to have you do that."

You may invite seven children, for you will be seven years old, and we will have a Christmas tree for them."

Walter and his mother were very busy, the week before Christmas.

Walter invited Tim and Kitty to come to the party.

He invited a bootblack and two little boys who sold newspapers.

His mother knew a poor woman who had two children, and he invited them to come.

He told them all to be ready at three o'clock and he would come for them.

At three o'clock Santa Claus drove down the street.

He was dressed in fur and his sleigh was trimmed with evergreen.

Walter was with him to show him where the children lived.

How the boys shouted when they saw Santa Claus!

They were soon in the sleigh, and as happy as they could be.

“Have you given away all your presents, Santa Claus?” said Tim.

“He left something at my house for you,” said Walter. “He said your mother’s fire was so hot that he couldn’t go down the chimney.”

The boys shouted again.

They had a fine sleigh ride, and when they came into the house they found a good dinner ready for them.

After dinner Walter took them into the parlor, and there was a beautiful Christmas tree.

It was covered with lighted candles and presents.

How happy the children were, and how their eyes shone!

Each one had a present, and a box of candy and nuts, to take home.

They laughed and danced with joy. After the presents were given out, Walter's mother told them about the Christ child, who was born so many years ago.

"It is His birthday, you know," she said, "and we wish it to be a happy day for every one.

You can each help make some one happy, if you will try."

"So we will," said one of the boys. "Let's give our candy and nuts away."

All the boys and girls said they could do that.

"Santa Claus shall take you to ride, and you may leave them on your way home," said Walter's mamma.

“I shall give mine to Mary Brown,”
said Kitty.

Each of the children soon thought
of some one who had nothing
for Christmas.

So they gave their candy away and
helped some other children to have
a happy Christmas.

“A merry, merry Christmas!”
The little people say.

“We wish you all a happy time
Upon this Christmas day.

Just try to help each other;
Do all you can for mother;
Then Christmas will be merry,
And your hearts be light and gay.”

A MORNING CALL.

cōt'tage	wōod'en	Ēm'ily
Grā'ham	gāth'ered	būnch

Ethel was visiting her aunt Emily.
Near her aunt's house was a little
brown cottage.

There were vines upon it, and Ethel
thought it was very pretty.

“I wish I might have that little
house to play in,” she said. “It is
so little that my dolls would feel
at home, I know.

These rooms are too large for them.
Who lives there, Auntie?”

“The cottage belongs to an old lady
whose name is Mrs. Graham,” said
her aunt.



A MORNING CALL.

“She lives there all alone. Some day you shall go to see her.”

One morning Ethel was taken to visit Mrs. Graham.

“Ethel likes your little house very much,” said her aunt. “She thinks it is just right for her and her dolls.”

The old lady laughed. “Bring your dolls here whenever you like,” said she. “I had a little girl once who used to play here with her dolls.”

“Where is she now?” asked Ethel.

“She is a lady now, and has a little girl of her own.”

“What is her little girl’s name?” said Ethel.

“Annie. She comes here sometimes; but she doesn’t care to play in the house very often. She has a little playhouse down by the brook. You can see it from this window.”

Ethel ran to the window and saw a little wooden shed.

“May I go into it?” she asked.

“Yes, indeed; and here is Annie’s little basket.

You may take it with you, and see if you can find anything to put into it.”

Ethel was pleased with the playhouse, and found some playthings there. A little wooden cradle, with a rag baby in it, stood at one side.

After playing there for some time, Ethel went down to the side of the brook.

There she found some blue violets growing beside the water.

“I will put you into my basket,” she said. “I know the old lady’s little girl used to pick violets when she played here.”

She carried them into the house, when her basket was full, and gave them to Mrs. Graham.

“What pretty violets!” she said.

“My little girl loved them, and used to pick them for me. You must take them home.”

“No,” said Ethel; “they are for you to keep.”

“Thank you,” said Mrs. Graham.

“I will keep them if you will pick some more for yourself.”

So Ethel ran down to the brook again, and gathered a bunch to carry home.

She often went to see the old lady after this, and played with her dolls in the playhouse.

THE following poems may be read to the children
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PAUL REVERE'S RIDE.

WHITTIER:

THE FROST SPIRIT.

BARBARA FRIETCHIE.

A DREAM OF SUMMER.

THE PUMPKIN.

THE MAYFLOWERS.

THE HILLTOP.

KATHLEEN.

TO MY OLD SCHOOLMASTER.

PHONETIC MARKING.

ā=āte	ǎ=ǎt	ä as in cār
ē=ēke	ě=ěgg	ḃ " ḃall
ī=īre	ĩ=ĩt	à " græss
ō=ōld	ö=öx	â " rāre
ū=ūse	ǔ=ǔs	ḃ=ō " wḃs
ȳ=skȳ	ȳ=lilȳ	
ōō=nōon	öö=böök	

ò = ǔ as in löve	ê=â as in whêre
ô = ḃ " fôr	ẽ=û " fêrn
û = " cûrl	ĩ=û " whĩrl
ṽ=ōō " nṽde	
ṽ=öö " pull	

<u>n</u> =ng as in <u>wink</u>	ew as in new
th " those	oi " soil
<u>g</u> =j " age	ou " out
<u>c</u> =s " ice	ow " now
<u>s</u> =z " rose	

er, ir, ur=ûr in cûrl

Silent letters are printed in italics.

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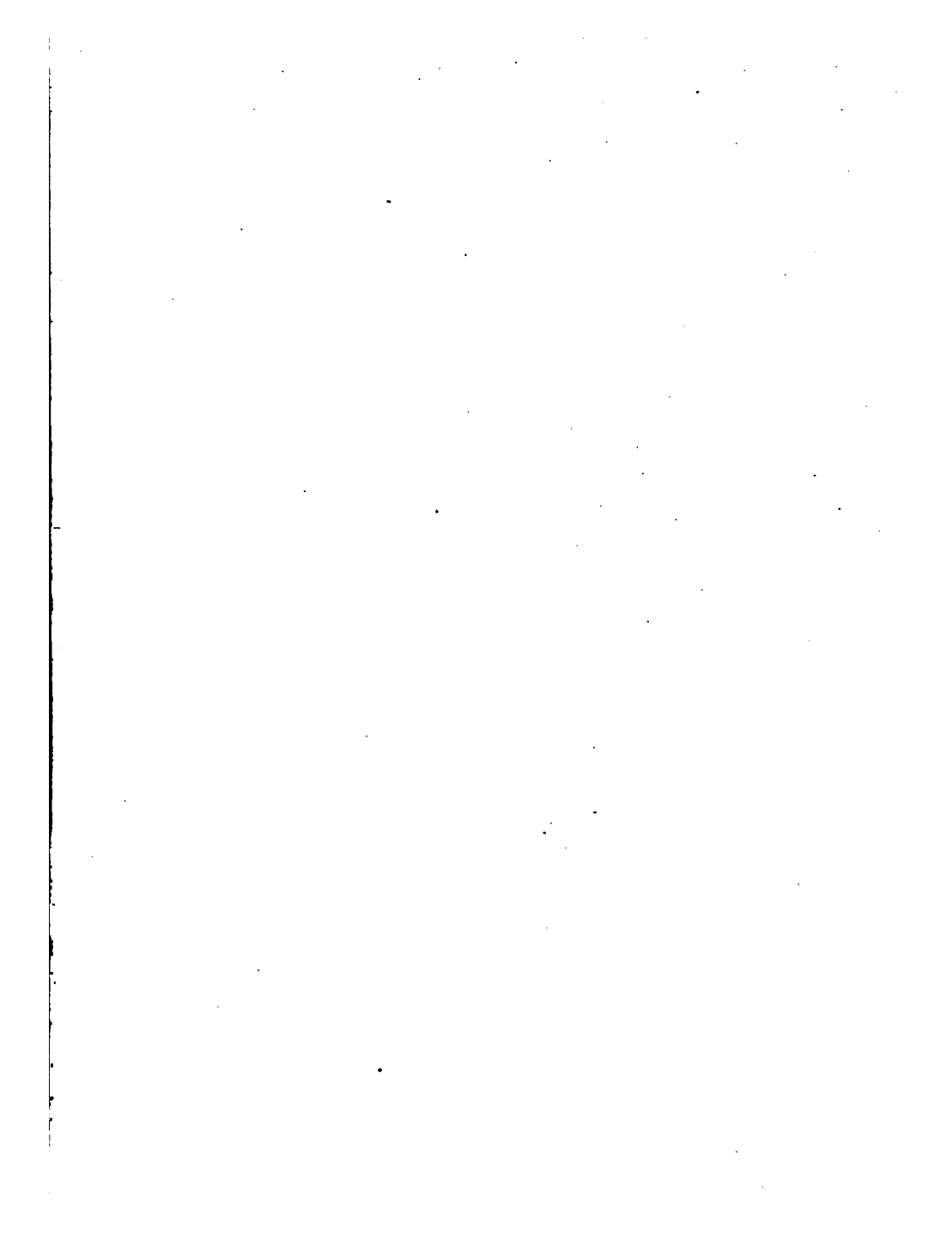
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